

The Daily Gazetteer.

FRIDAY, JANUARY 21. 1737.

491.

To the Publisher of the DAILY GAZETTEER.

SIR,



BEING credibly inform'd, that there is an ingenious Club erected in the City, whose Entertainment in the Evening is, to invent seditious Lyes, and whose Employment the next Day is, to disperse them; I think you cannot do a better Service to the Publick, than to reprint in your Paper the *Spectator* of Saturday, October 11, 1712, N^o 507. Which will give a just Idea of the Sense, the Immortal Mr. Addison had of that impious Crime of *Party lying*, as he calls it.

As the Author, and Distance of Time when this was written, will deprive your weekly Adversaries of their usual Answers, and they can neither call him a mercenary Writer, nor reproach his Performance as Flattery to a Minister; I fear they will be at a Loss what to say in the Defence of their ingenious Friends; for which Reason I will make one Observation of my own, which they may be as free with, as they think fit, and which arises from the Place where this honest Club is form'd. To wit. That I will never trust the Integrity of that Man in private Affairs, who thinks it justifiable to promote the Views of his Party by a *Falshood*. He that will Lye for what he thinks the Interest of his Party, will much sooner do it, for what he knows to be his private Interest.

Two I may appear at first Sight by this Observation to differ from my Author, yet a little Reflection will prove the contrary; for tho' he allows a Man may be a Man of Probity in other Respects, who gives into a Party Lye, yet he who knowingly invents, and designedly publishes such a Falshood, comes under a very different Consideration; much more if he justifies and persists in such a Practice.

N^o 507. Saturday, October 11.

Defendit numerus, junctaque umbone Phalanges. JUV.

THERE is something very sublime, tho' very fanciful in Plato's Description of the Supreme Being, that *Truth is his Body, and Light his Shadow*. According to this Definition, there is nothing so contradictory to his Nature, as Error and Falshood. The Platonists have so just a Notion of the Almighty's Aversion to every thing which is false and erroneous, that they looked upon *Truth* as no less necessary than *Virtue*, to qualify a human Soul for the Enjoyment of a separate State. For this Reason as they recommended moral Duties to qualify and season the Will for a future Life, so they prescribed several Contemplations and Sciences to rectify the Understanding. Thus Plato has called mathematical Demonstrations the Catharticks or Purgatives of the Soul, as being the most proper Means to cleanse it from Error, and to give it a Relish of Truth; which is the natural Food and Nourishment of the Understanding, as *Virtue* is the Perfection and Happiness of the Will.

THERE are many Authors who have shewn wherein the Malignty of a *Lye* consists, and set forth in proper Colours, the Heinousness of the Offence. I shall here consider one particular Kind of this Crime, which has not been so much spoken to; I mean that abominable Practice of *Party lying*. This Vice is so very predominant among us at present, that a Man is thought of no Principles, who does not propagate a certain System of Lyes. The Coffee-houses are supported by them, the Press is choak'd with them, eminent Authors live upon them. Our Bottle Conversation is so infected with them, that a Party-Lye is grown as fashionable an Entertainment, as a lively Catch or a merry Story: The Truth of it is, half the great Talkers in the Nation would be struck dumb, were this Fountain of Discourse dried up. There is however one Advantage resulting from this detestable Practice; the very Appearances of Truth are so little regarded, that Lyes are at present discharged in the Air, and begin to hurt nobody. When we hear a Party-Story from a Stranger, we consider whether he is

a Whig or a Story that relates it, and immediately conclude they are Words of course, in which that honest Gentleman designs to recommend his Zeal, without any concern for his Veracity. A Man is looked upon as bereft of common Sense, that gives Credit to the Relations of Party-Writers; nay, his own Friends shake their Heads at him, and consider him in no other Light, than as an officious Tool or a well-meaning Idiot. When it was formerly the Fashion to husband a Lye, and trump it up in some extraordinary Emergency, it generally did Execution, and was not a little serviceable to the Faction that made use of it; but at present every Man is upon his Guard, the Artifice has been too often repeated to take Effect.

I have frequently wonder'd to see Men of Probity, who would scorn to utter a Falshood for their own particular Advantage, give so readily into a Lye, when it becomes the Voice of their Faction, notwithstanding they are thoroughly sensible of it as such. How is it possible for those who are Men of Honour in their Persons, thus to become notorious Liers in their Party? If we look into the bottom of this Matter, we may find, I think, three Reasons for it, and at the same time discover the Insufficiency of these Reasons, to justify so criminal a Practice.

In the first Place, Men are apt to think, that the Guilt of a Lye, and consequently the Punishment, may be very much diminished, if not wholly worn out, by the Multitudes of those who partake in it. Tho' the Weight of a Falshood would be too heavy for one to bear, it grows light in their Imaginations, when it is shared among many. But in this Case, a Man very much deceives himself: Guilt, when it spreads thro' Numbers, is not so properly divided as multiplied; every one is criminal, in Proportion to the Offence which he commits, not to the Number of those who are his Companions in it: Both the Crime and the Penalty, lie as heavy upon every Individual of an offending Multitude, as they would upon any single Person, had none shared with him in the Offence. In a Word, the Division of Guilt, is like that of Matter; tho' it may be separated into infinite Portions, every Portion shall have the whole Essence of Matter in it, and consist of as many Parts, as the whole did before it was divided.

But in the second Place, tho' Multitudes who join in a Lye, cannot exempt themselves from the Guilt, they may from the Shame of it. The Scandal of a Lye, is in a Manner lost and annihilated, when diffused among several Thousands; as a Drop of the blackest Tincture wears away and vanishes, when mixed and confus'd in a considerable Body of Water; the Blot is still in it, but is not able to discover itself. This is certainly a very great Motive to several Party Offenders, who avoid Crimes, not as they are prejudicial to their Virtue, but to their Reputation. It is enough to shew the Weakness of this Reason, which palliates Guilt without removing it, that every Man who is influenced by it, declares himself, in effect, an infamous Hypocrite, prefers the Appearance of Virtue to its Reality, and is determined in his Conduct, neither by the Dictates of his own Conscience, the Suggestions of true Honour, nor the Principles of Religion.

THE third and last great Motive for Men's joining in a popular Falshood, or, as I have hitherto called it, a Party-Lye, notwithstanding they are convinced of it as such, is the doing Good to a Cause, which every Party may be supposed to look upon as the most meritorious. The unsoundness of this Principle, has been so often exposed, and is so universally acknowledged, that a Man must be an utter Stranger to the Principles either of natural Religion or Christianity, who suffers himself to be guided by it. If a Man might promote the supposed Good of his Country, by the blackest Calumnies and Falshoods, our Nation abounds more in Patriots, than any other of the Christian World. When Pompey was desired not to set sail in a Tempest that would hazard his Life; *It is necessary for me, says he, to sail, but it is not necessary for me to live*: Every Man should say to himself, with the same Spirit, it is my Duty to speak Truth, tho' it

is not my Duty to be in an Office. One of the Father's had carried this Point so high, as to declare, *He would not tell a Lye, tho' he were sure to gain Heaven by it*. However extravagant such a Protestation may appear, every one will own, that a Man may say, very reasonably, *He would not tell a Lye, if he were sure to gain Hell by it*; or, if you have a Mind to soften the Expression, that he would not tell a Lye, to gain any temporal Reward by it, when he should run the Hazard of losing much more than it was possible for him to gain.

Yesterday arrived a Mail from France.

LETTERS from Italy say, the Spaniards had begun to embark at Leghorn, and that Pisa and Porto Ferrajo are both evacuated; and that the Republick of Genoa, had sent a Galley to the Gulph of Spezza, to receive the Duke of Montemar and carry him to that City, having deputed seven Gentlemen of the chief Nobility, to compliment him on his Arrival, and ordered him to be saluted by 30 Pieces of Cannon, after which he was to embark for Antibes.

Last Week the Cardinal Fleury made two Journeys toilly, the Seat of the Duke de Bourbon.

The Queen of France has been blooded on Account of her Pregnancy, and confined herself to her Apartment for Nine Days.

'Tis said, that at the Proclamation of the Peace, there will be a solemn *Te Deum* sung at Notre Dame Church in Paris, at which the King himself is to be present, and that the same is to be perform'd in all the Churches of the Kingdom.

The Marshal du Bourg, has given Orders for the Demolition of the Fortifications made by the French during the last War, on the other Side of the Rhine.

Dublin, Jan. 8. On Saturday last the Worshipful and Honourable Corporation of Seafield, met pursuant to Adjournment; and being *Dies Natalis* in the Charter for electing the Magistrates for the ensuing Year, the same was done with the greatest Unanimity: There was a handsome Entertainment provided by the new Mayor, for the Recorder and Aldermen, where the King, Queen, Royal Family, the Glorious and Immortal Memory of King William III. Prosperity to Ireland and the City of Dublin, with several other Loyal Healths were drank in full Bumpers, the Night concluded with a Ball for the Ladies, at which there was a handsome Appearance, ringing of Bells, Bonfires, Illuminations, &c.

The Right Hon. the Lord Limerick is going to establish a Manufacture for making of Cambrick at Dundalk. As his Lordship is a great Improver, and an Encourager of Arts and Sciences; it is not in the least doubted, but our Cambrick will excel any that is made abroad, as our Linens do those of any other Country; insomuch, that by the strict Care and good Management of the Trustees of our Linnen Manufacture, the People of England buy it with more Readiness, than they do the stamped Goods of Germany and Holland.

It was under this Noble Lord's Encouragement, that we had the Woad Manufacture brought to such Perfection as it is now in this Kingdom.

A Gentleman of a neighbouring Village being lately indisposed, his kind Spouse, in order to shew her Affection for him, bought a fine large Flag Stone to lay over him, with an Inscription on it; but the good Man, who happened to recover upon his going Abroad, saw the Tomb Stone designed for him by his courteous Wife, to perpetuate his Memory. Upon which he asked her, What was the Meaning of it? Her Answer was, that she would do much more for him upon such an Occasion. But mark the Sequel! The Wife died in about three Weeks after, and the indulgent Husband covered her with her own Stone.

Several Artificers are sent for from Abroad, to perfect the Canal at Newry, for Inland Navigation; and it is expected the same will be near finished by the latter End of next Summer.

Canterbury, Jan. 19. On Friday last died the Rev. Charles Kilbourne, M. A. Aged about 90: He had been near 60 Years one of the Minor Canons of the

his Cathedral, and Vicar of Holy Cross, Westgate; to which is united the Rectory of St. Peter's in this City. His Preferments are in the Gift of the Dean and Chapter of this Church.

On Saturday last came on before some of his Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the County of Kent, the Trial of one John Delone, living without Westgate, for selling Spirituous Liquors in small Quantities; and he was found Guilty, and fin'd 30 l. for Non-payment of which his Goods was seiz'd, and carried off the Premises.

On Saturday last was committed to Maidstone Jail by Samuel Hollister, Gentleman, Mayor of that Place, Henry Harsham, otherwise William Johnson, charg'd with being a Deserter from his Majesty's Service, which he hath since confessed.

L O N D O N.

Yesterday being the Anniversary of the Birth Day of his Royal Highness the Prince of Wales, who then entered into the 31st Year of his Age, the Morning was usher'd in with ringing of Bells; at Noon, there was a numerous and splendid Appearance at Court, of the Nobility, foreign Ministers, and other Persons of Distinction at St. James's, to pay their Compliments to their Majesties and his Royal Highness on that Occasion: The Evening concluded with Bonfires and Illuminations, and at Night there was a Ball.

Last Night Alexander Chorke, Esq; one of his Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the City and Liberty of Westminster, and Clerk of the Debentures in the Exchequer, lay at the Point of Death at his Lodgings in New Palace Yard, Westminster.

This Day both Houses of Parliament will meet at Westminster, pursuant to their last Adjournment, and by Virtue of his Majesty's Commission directed to the Lord Chancellor and others, will be further prorogued to Tuesday the 1st of February next.

Last Night the Right Hon. the Lord Limerick, Member of Parliament for Wendover in Buckinghamshire, arrived in Town to his House in Privy Garden, Whitehall, from Ireland.

Yesterday a Woman was committed to Tothill-fields Bridewell to hard Labour for two Months, for selling Spirituous Liquors at Buckingham House back Gate, contrary to the late Act.

On Wednesday last the Royal Caroline, with the rest of the King's Yachts, came to their Moorings at Greenwich; and notwithstanding the many idle Stories, that the Caroline's Guns were thrown overboard (in the late Storm) with the greatest Part of the Baggage, besides the Arnings on the Quarter-Deck; there is not one Word thereof true.

On Tuesday last died at Richmond of the Small-Pox, John Collier, Esq; a young Gentleman possessed of a large Estate at Milner in Suffolk.

Yesterday in the Evening Sir Christopher Powell, Bart. Knight of the Shire for the County of Kent, came to Town for the Winter Season, from his Seat in the said County.

Last Night a Fire broke out at the Coach and Horses in the Strand, but by timely Assistance of the Firemen and others, it was happily extinguished without doing any considerable Damage.

We hear that the Lord Chief Justice Reeves has, by his Will, left the Bulk of his Estate to Lord Sidney Beauclerc, Member of Parliament for Windsor, and Brother to his Grace the Duke of St. Alban's.

Bank Stock 149 1-4th. India 176 1-half. South Sea 101 1-4th. Old Annuity 112. New Ditto 112. Three per Cent. 105 1-4th. Emperor's Loan 123 5-8ths to 3-4ths. Royal Assurance 110 to 1-4th. London Assurance 14 1-4th. African 15. India Bonds 61. 13 s. Prem. Three per Cent. ditto 61. 10 s. Premium. South Sea ditto 41. 4 s. Prem. New Bank Circulation 11. 10 s. Prem. Salt Tallow 2 to 3 Premium. English Copper 21. 8 s. Welsh ditto, no Price. Three 1-half per Cent. Exchequer Orders 6 per Cent Prem. Three per Cent. ditto 1 per Cent. Prem. Million Bank 117.

This Day is Published,
[Price One Shilling]

MEMOIRS of the TIMES; in a Letter to a Friend in the Country. Containing, An Account of, and Reflections on some late Remarkable Occurrences, such as, The Tumult at Edinburgh, the present Disposition of the Inhabitants of North Britain, the Consequences of putting in Execution the Act for Restraining the Sale of Spirituous Liquors; the Proceedings of the Baron Neuhoof, with a View of the Island of Corsica; Conjectures on the Designs of Spain, and the Prospect of a General Peace; Heads of the Political Debates; Account of Dramatical Entertainments; Characters of New Books, News Papers, &c.
Nec Lædere, nec Adulari.

Printed for A. Dodd, at the Peacock without Temple-Bar.

The Gentlemen that intend to encourage the following Work, are desired to send their Subscriptions to the undersigned Booksellers, that their Names may be inserted in the printed List, the whole Work being finished.

Concilia Magnæ Britanniae, & Hiberniae,
A Synodo Verolamiensi, A.D. 446. ad Londinensem, A.D. 1717, Accedunt Constitutiones & alia ad Historiam Ecclesiae Anglicanae Spectantia. A DAVIDE WILKINS, S.T.P. Archidiacono Suffoloniensi collecta, in quatuor Voluminibus.

In this Work will be included both the Volumes of Sir Henry Spelman's Councils, which were so scarce that they have been sold for Ten Guineas.

Printed for R. Gosling, at the Mitre and Crown against Fetter-lane, Fleet-street; F. Giles, against Gray's-Inn, Holbourn; T. Woodward, at the Half-moon between the Two Temple-Gates in Fleet-street; and C. Davis in Pater-noster-Row.

This Day is Published,

[Price One Shilling.]

I. THE Rise and Progress of the
Papal Power, done from the French of the Abbot Vertot, by Mr. Stacie.

II. The Memoirs and History of Prince Titi, Part 2d. Price 2 s. Part 1st. Price 1 s. 6 d.

III. A Companion to the Theatre; wherein the Plan, Characters and Design of the most celebrated Tragedies and Comedies are explained. Price 3 s.

IV. The Skimmer; or, the History of Tanzae and Neardarne. A Japanese Story by the illustrious Kilo boec. Price 3 s.

V. The History and Adventures of Gil-Blas, 4th Vol. Price 3 s.

VI. The Sequel to La Belle Assemblée, 2 Vols. Price 5 s. Printed for E. Cogan, at the Middle-Temple-Gate in Fleet-street.

This Day is Publish'd,

In Two Volumes in Twelves,

THE EIGHTH EDITION, of
THE Life and strange surprizing Ad-
ventures of ROBINSON CRUSOE, of York, Mariner; who lived Twenty-eight Years alone in an uninhabited Island on the Coast of America, near the Mouth of the great River Orconoque, having been cast on Shore by Shipwreck, wherein all the Men perished but himself. With an Account how he was at last strangely delivered by Pyrates. Written by himself.

Printed for T. Woodward, at the Half Moon between the two Temple Gates in Fleet street.

Where may be had,

1. The Life and Actions of that Ingenious Gentleman Don Quixote de la Mancha, the Three first Books in Spanish and English. Price 3 s.

2. The Posthumous Works of William Wycherley, Esq. in Prose and Verse; faithfully published from his Original Manuscripts.

3. A General History of the Pyrates, containing the Lives of the most noted Pyrates, from their first Settlement in the Island of Providence, to the present Time; with the remarkable Actions and Adventures of two Female Pyrates. To which is added, a short Abstract of the Statute and Civil Law in relation to Piracy. The 4th Edition, in 2 Vols. 8vo.

The famous Original Specifick Injection, or Lotion,

Which in Twenty-one Years private Practice, hath cured 1231 Gonorrhoeas or Claps, (without taking any Medicine by the Mouth) and since September was Two Years 925 in the publick Way; and will prevent either Pox or Clap, as Thousands have experienced.

Those that use this Medicine, always know where to find the Author.

It entirely destroys and carries off all Venereal Infection, because it reaches the Cause immediately which no Medicines taken by the Mouth can do, and therefore prevents all the doleful Attendants of impure Embraces. *Sublata Causa tollitur Affectus.* It is not only an Antidote against the Disease, but the Poison of other Remedies.

N. B. Reason and Experience first recommended it to the Publick; the great Satisfaction it gives, and the great Demand for it, convinces me more and more of its extensive Use. It also cures the Whites and Barrenness in Women, and Impotency in Men.

It is sold only by Mr. John King, at his Picture-Shop in the Poultry, near Stocks-market, by Mr. Thomas Read, Printer, in Dogwell Court in White Fryars, Fleet-street; London; by William Evans, Bookseller in Bristol; and by Thomas Price, Bookseller, in Gloucester; at 7 s. 6 d. a Bottle, which is wrapped and sealed up with Directions (a proper Instrument a Shilling.) Ask for a Bottle of Wash.

It is to be observed,

(For the Satisfaction of all Persons, who are fearful and doubtful of using any Publick Medicines)

That there never was, nor will be, a good and beneficial Medicine published to the World, without finding Enemies, whose Interest it is, not only to decry and vilify, but often to counterfeit it; and the better the Medicine, the greater the Opposition: Therefore all doubtful People should have Recourse to Experience, the infallible Attester of Truth, without Prejudice or Partiality. Let them enquire of the Success of the Medicine, either where it is sold, but rather of those who have used it; and if they are informed the Effects of it answer the Intentions, let them freely use it, without regard to what Malice, Interest, or Prejudice may suggest against it.

Letters Patent are obtaining, for preventing future Impositions upon the Author and Patients.

This Day is Publish'd,
With a beautiful Frontispiece,
Dedicated to His Royal Highness

The PRINCE,
A L Z I R A.

A
T R A G E D Y.

As it is Acted

At the THEATRE-ROYAL

IN

Lincoln's - Inn Fields.

Printed for J. BAYLEY at the Bible in Mitre-court, Fleet-street.

Bow Church-yard, Nov. 3, 1736.

MR. THOMAS COBB, Printer
and Engraver, who married the Widow of the late Mr. JOHN CLUER, at the Maiden-head, the lower End of Bow Church-yard, in Cheap-side, London, having assigned and sold the said Printing-house and Business to his Brother-in-law WILLIAM DICEY;

This Publick Notice is given,

That WILLIAM DICEY, for Himself, and his Son CLUER DICEY, being provided with complete Sets of new Types, and all other Materials, carry on, in the most expeditious Manner, all Business, both in the LETTER and ROLLING-PRESS Way.

Also Shopkeepers, and others, may there have curiously ENGRAVED (as well as Printed) Sign Plates, Bills of Parcels, or any other Business, either in Wood or Copper.

Note, The wholesale and retale Warehouses for dispensing **DR. BATEMAN'S PECTORAL DROPS**, for the Encouragement and more beneficial Use of which Sovereign Chymical Medicine, his Majesty hath granted his Letters Patent under the Great Seal of Great Britain, is continued and carried on in London, only by the said WILLIAM DICEY and BENJAMIN OKELL, the Patentee, at the Printing Office in Bow Church-yard aforesaid: Where all Merchants, for Transportation, Shopkeepers, and others, for Sale or charitable Use, may be supplied, with good Allowance.

Note also, That such Shopkeepers, &c. as cannot with Convenience be served from London, may have their Orders obeyed, by directing or sending to WILLIAM DICEY, at his Warehouse in NORTHAMPTON: At both which Places a Book of the Virtues and Use of the said DROPS may be had gratis.

Dr. NEWMAN'S
Famous Anti-Venereal PILL



Which, to the Surprize of all that take it, cures all Degrees of the Venereal Disease, it speedily removes Pain in the Head, Arms, or Legs, takes away the Running, Cordes, Heat of Urine, Soreness and Inflammation of the Parts, or any old Gleet, tho' of many Years standing; it perfectly cures, without Hindrance of Business, or Confinement one Hour; nay, if you have Nodes, tumified Testicles, Pockey Warts, Buboes, Shankers, Phymoses, Paraphimoses, Ulcers in the Mouth, Nose, Throat, or Palate; or, if you are broke out in Scabs and Blisters from Head to Foot, in a short Time you will be well, two or three being sufficient when the Distemper is gentle, or fresh contracted; but if it has been long on the Patient, or in the Blood a few more is required for a Cure, there is but one in a Dose, no bigger than a small Pea, having neither Taste or Smell, and are sold at so easy a Price, as only Two Shillings each. They are likewise put up in Boxes of a Guinea, and half a Guinea Price, being sufficient in the worst of Cases.

Where may be had, ready to be delivered to any Messenger,

The only Medicine in the World for all Seminal Weaknesses, from Falls, Blows, Wrenches, Strains, hard Labours, Miscarriages, Fluor Albus in Women, the Remains of Mercury unskillfully prepared, and Settling in the Urine, old Gleet, Relicks of the Venereal Disease, or Damage by Self-Pollution, a Discharging of Matter, Pain in the Back, or often Occasion to make Water, Weakness of the Vessels after any former Cure, at Five Shillings the Phial. It ought to be taken after every Cure, to strengthen the Body after the Physick.

Note, these Drops and Pills will be readily sent by the Post to any Part of England, if you send your Money, in a Letter or by the Stage Coaches.

I likewise have a Chymical Water that cures the Itch, and all Itchy Breakings-out.

I have an Electuary which cures Colds, Coughs, Shortness of Breath, Asthmas, Consumptions, restores lost Appetites, purifies the Blood. It is an infallible Remedy for the Gravel and Stone, at 2 s. 6 d. 5 s. and 10 s. 6 d. the Gallipot, with Directions.

Attendance is given every Day by the Author, a graduate Physician, who liveth at the Blue Ball in Hand-court, almost over-against Great Turnstile, Holborn. Advice GRATIS.

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